

# + validation dipole

The validation dipoles are used to check that the entire measurement chain functions correctly, according to the corresponding standards:

## FOR SAR MEASUREMENTS:

- One frequency band corresponds to each dipole.
- Each dipole is totally symmetrical (made with I0/4 balun).
- A complete range of dipoles covers the frequency bands used for 5G applications.
- Signals are sent through dipoles in order to take measurements with phantom filled with human equivalent liquid.

## FOR HAC MEASUREMENTS:

- For HAC, three broadband dipoles are available.



## MAIN FEATURES

### Product category

- Dipole, Validation antenna

### Function

- Validates the setup of the system, system check

### User profile

- SAR and HAC bench users

### Related standard:

- IEC/IEEE 62209-1528; FCC related KDBs;  
IEC 62209-1/ IEC 62209-2; EN 50361:2001;  
ANSI C63.19

### Related equipment:

- COMOSAR bench, HAC bench,  
handset positioning system

## SAR dipoles

### Technical & mechanical characteristics

Frequencies	150, 300, 450, 750, 835, 900, 1450, 1500, 1640, 1750, 1800, 1900, 1950, 2000, 2100, 2300, 2450, 2600, 3000, 3300, 3500, 3700, 3900, 4200, 4600, 4900, 5200-5800, 6500-7000 MHz
Adaptation	$S_{11} < -20$ dB in specified validation Position
Connectors	SMA-f
Dimensions	Length depends on dipole frequency

## HAC dipoles

### Technical & mechanical characteristics

Broadband dipoles	800-950 MHz, 1700-2000 MHz and 2000-2650 MHz
Adaptation	$S_{11} < -10$ dB in specified validation Position
Connectors	SMA
Dimensions	Length depends on dipole frequency



The dipoles can be easily fixed to the MVG device positioning system.

